UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/807,060	03/23/2004	Jonathan Maron	100202433-2	4057

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EXAMINER
JOHNSON, JOHNESE T

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
2166	

NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
06/10/2008	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE _3_ MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.
- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1)☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on _14 March 2008_.
2a)☐ This action is **FINAL**.   2b)☒ This action is non-final.
3)☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4)☒ Claim(s) _1-20_ is/are pending in the application.
    4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
5)☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
6)☒ Claim(s) _1-20_ is/are rejected.
7)☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
8)☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.
    Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
    Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
    a)☐ All   b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:
        1.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
        2.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
        3.☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
    * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1)☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
2)☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3)☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
    Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.
4)☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
    Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
5)☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
6)☐ Other: _____.

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DETAILED ACTION

Remarks

1.   In response to the Amendment filed on March 14, 2008, claims 1-20 are pending

in this application.

2.   The rejections to claims 10 and 17-20 under 35 USC 101 are overcome by the

amendments to the claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3.   The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

> (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set
> forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and
> the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the
> invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains.
> Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

4.   Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over

Robertson et al. (2002//0188538) in view of Pace et al. (US. PG. Pub. No.

2003/0050932).

As to claim 1, Robertson et al. disclose:

A method to provide a service in a controlled run-time environment,

comprising:

registering a proxy service in said controlled run-time environment wherein said proxy

service implements an interface defined according to said controlled run-time

environment (see paragraph [0153]) configured to services operating in said

controlled run-time environment to interoperate with said proxy service (see

paragraph [0193]);

receiving service information by said proxy service from a local service executing in said

controlled run-time environment via an interface method of said proxy service

(see paragraph [0253]);

However, Robertson et al. does not explicitly disclose:

communicating said service information to a remote service from said proxy service;

receiving processed information from said remote service in response to said

communicating; and

returning said processed information to said local service from said proxy service.

Pace et al. disclose:

communicating said service information to a remote service from said proxy service

(see paragraph [0908], lines 4-9);

receiving processed information from said remote service in response to said

communicating (see paragraph [0908], lines 4-9); and

returning said processed information to said local service from said proxy service (see

paragraph [0908], lines 4-9).

It would have been obvious to have modified the teachings of Robertson et al.

by the teachings of Pace et al. to fulfill an object request because previous methods

were too slow and costly (see Pace et al. paragraphs [0907] – [0908]).

As to claims 2 and 18, Robertson et al., as modified, disclose:

wherein said proxy service is an object of a class that is instantiated by said controlled

run-time environment (see Pace et al. paragraph [0053]).

As to claims 3 and 13, Robertson et al., as modified, disclose:

wherein said controlled run-time environment means instantiates said object in a

partition (see Pace et al. paragraph [0908], lines 4-9)and only permits services

operating in said partition to access said proxy service (see Pace et al. paragraph

[0440]; wherein EJBs extend the attributes of Java thereby delivering access security).

As to claim 4, Robertson et al., as modified, disclose:

wherein said communicating service information comprises:

encapsulating said service information in an extensible mark-up language (XML) file

(see Pace et al. [0317]; wherein information can be in the form of a java servlet and

JSP and the JSP is in xml).

As to claims 5 and 14, Robertson et al., as modified, disclose:

security management means for exposing said proxy service only when said security

management means determines access is permitted according to security parameters

(see Pace et al. paragraph [0398]; wherein EJBs extend the attributes of Java thereby

delivering access security).

As to claim 6, <u>Robertson et al.,</u> as modified, disclose:

wherein said exposing comprises: determining user-level authorization from said

security parameters (see <u>Pace et al.</u> paragraph [0322], lines 22-27; wherein the EJB

container manages access of multiple users).

As to claim 7 <u>Robertson et al.,</u> as modified, disclose:

wherein said exposing comprises: determining process-level authorization from said

security parameters (see <u>Pace et al.</u> paragraph [0067]; wherein the container manages

control of transactions).

As to claims 8 and 15, <u>Robertson et al.,</u> as modified, disclose:

further comprising: creating a log of access to said remote service (see <u>Pace et al.</u>

paragraph [0750]).

As to claims 9 and 16, <u>Pace Robertson et al.,</u> as modified, disclose:

wherein said communicating said service information comprises: performing a remote

procedure call (see <u>Pace et al.</u> paragraph [0477] – performs RMI) .

As to claim 10, <u>Pace et al.</u> disclose:

A system to provide a modular software service, comprising:

controlled run-time environment means for managing processes (see paragraph

[0193]);

service registry means for registering services operating in said controlled run-time

environment means, wherein at least one registered service is a proxy service

means (see paragraph [153]);

said proxy service means implementing an interface defined according to said

controlled run-time environment means for enabling services operating in said

controlled run-time environment means to interoperate with said proxy service

means, said proxy service means comprising:

means for receiving service information by said proxy service means from

a local service executing in said controlled run-time environment means

(see paragraph [253]);

However, Robertson et al. does not explicitly disclose:

means for communicating said service information to a remote service from said

proxy service means;

means for receiving processed information from said remote service in response

to said communicated service information; and

means for returning said processed information to said local.

Pace et al. disclose:

means for communicating said service information to a remote service from said

proxy service means (see paragraph [0908], lines 4-9);

means for receiving processed information from said remote service in response

to said communicated service information (see paragraph [0908], lines 4-

9); and

means for returning said processed information to said local service (see

paragraph [0908], lines 4-9).

It would have been obvious to have modified the teachings of Robertson et al.

by the teachings of Pace et al. to fulfill an object request because previous methods

were too slow and costly (see Pace et al. paragraphs [0907] – [0908]).

As to claims 11 and 19, Robertson et al., as modified, disclose:

wherein said proxy service means further comprises:

means for verifying said service information that is operable before said means

for communicating (see paragraph [0121], lines 6-11, and paragraph [0190], lines 1-5).

As to claims 12 and 20, Robertson et al., as modified, disclose:

 wherein said proxy service means further comprises:

means for communicating with a distributed service registry to identify said

remote service (see paragraph [0477]).

As to claim 17, Robertson et al. disclose:

A computer-readable medium that comprises executable instructions for

providing a service in a controlled run-time environment, said executable

instructions comprising (see paragraph [0113]) - software):

code for registering (see paragraph [0113]) a proxy service in said controlled run-time

environment wherein said proxy service implements an interface defined

according to said controlled run-time environment to enable services operating in

said controlled run-time environment (see paragraph [0153]) configured to

services operating in said controlled run-time environment to interoperate with

said proxy service (see paragraph [0193]);

coded for receiving (see paragraph [0113]) service information by said proxy service

from a local service executing in said controlled run-time environment via an

interface method of said proxy service (see paragraph [0253]);

However, Robertson et al. does not explicitly disclose:

code for communicating said service information to a remote service from said proxy

service;

code for receiving processed information from said remote service in response to said

communicating; and

code for returning said processed information to said local service from said proxy

service.

Pace et al. disclose:

code for communicating said service information to a remote service from said proxy

service (see paragraph [0908], lines 4-9);

code for receiving processed information from said remote service in response to said

communicating (see paragraph [0908], lines 4-9); and

code for returning said processed information to said local service from said proxy

service (see paragraph [0908], lines 4-9).

It would have been obvious to have modified the teachings of <u>Robertson et al.</u>

by the teachings of <u>Pace et al.</u> to fulfill an object request because previous methods

were too slow and costly (see <u>Pace et al.</u> paragraphs [0907] – [0908]).

Response to Arguments

5.   Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-20 have been considered but are

moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

6.   Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Johnese Johnson whose telephone number is 571-270-

1097. The examiner can normally be reached on 4/5/9.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Hosain Alam can be reached on 571-272-3978. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

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For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a

USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/J. J./
Examiner, Art Unit 2166

June 5, 2008
/N. A./
Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2165

/Hosain T Alam/
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2166